## Ministry Of Higher Education Higher Institute of Engineering October 6 City Department of Basic Science



Prep. Year: Final Exam Mathematics: (Calculus I) Course Code: BAS 111 Date: September, 2014

مدينة الثقافة و العلوم

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الزمن: 3 ساعات	دة و المطلوب الإجابة عن كل الأسئلة	الامتحان (5) أسئلة في صفحة واح	Marks
[1] Find <b>y</b> from the following:			12
$(a) y = 2x^3 + \cos x \qquad (b$	$y = 4^x + 3\sin x \tag{6}$	$c) y = \cos x + \ln x$	12
$(d) y = 3x + 2 \sinh x \qquad (e)$	$y = 5 + 3\cosh x \tag{1}$	$f) y = (\tan x + \log x)^9$	
[2]Find <b>y</b> ` where			12
(a) $y = \tan^{-1} x + \tanh^{-1} x$	(b) $y = \ln x \cdot \log(x^3 + 1)$	(c) $y = x. \sin^{-1} x$	
$(d) y = 3^y + 2x + \sin x$	(e) $y = t^2 + \sin t$ , $x = t^3$	+ sinh t	
[3](a) Determine the maximum, 1	minimum and inflection points	s of the functions:	9
(i) $f(x) = x^3 - 12x + 1$	(ii) $f(x) = x^3 + 2$	(iii) $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$	
(b) Write the Maclurin's expansion of the function $f(x) = 1 + 2^x$			3
(c) + 1110 1110 1110 11110 011p 11110	2011 01 010 1011001011 } (10)	· <del>-</del>	3
[4]Find the following integrals:			12
(a) $\int (3x^2 + 4^x) dx$ (b)	$\int \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) dx $ (c)	$\int 2x(x^2-3)^8dx$	
$(d) \int x \cdot 3^x  dx \tag{e}$	$) \int \ln x  dx \tag{f}$	$\int (\sin x + \sin^2 x)  dx$	
[5](a)Compute the integral [1]	x dx		
[5](a)Compute the integral $\int_0^1 \frac{x}{x^2 + 4x + 3} dx$			4
(b) Find the area of the region between the curve $y = x^2 - 2x$ , x-axis, x in [0, 2]			4
(c) If the region between the curve $y = 1 + x^2$ , x-axis, x in [0, 1] is rotated			4
about (i) x-axis (ii)y-	-axis.		
Find the volume of the generated solid in both cases.			

Good Luck